### **MATTER 7**



Examination of the City of York Local Plan

Matters, Issues and Questions for the Examination

### **Phase 2 Hearings**

# Matter 7 – Approach to Setting Green Belt Boundaries

March 2022

**CLIENT: Taylor Wimpey** 



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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This response has been prepared on behalf of Taylor Wimpey in relation to their land interests at Strategic Site ST7, east of Metcalfe Lane, York which is a proposed allocation in the Publication Draft Local Plan.
- 1.2 There are three parties with interests in proposed allocation ST7, who have in the past submitted individual and joint representations to the Local Plan as well as attended the Phase 1 Hearings. The recent submissions to the June 2021 Updated Evidence consultation were presented as a consortium response with the following three companies represented.
  - Barratt David Wilson Homes (Barton Willmore)
  - Taylor Wimpey (Johnson Mowat)
  - TW Fields (PB Planning)
- 1.3 This response included a critique of the housing requirement undertaken by Lichfields, as well as input from SLR and Pegasus in relation to landscape and heritage considerations of the updated evidence.
- 1.4 Whilst the ST7 developers support the principle of the ST7 allocation disagreement remains with the size of the proposed ST7 allocation as currently drafted. The primary objections remain as follows:
  - The site access roads are too long and no doubt costly. Extending the limit of development in the allocation to reduce the access roads would improve deliverability.
  - The developers do not accept the land between the allocation and the edge of the main urban area needs to be Green Belt and collectively request the Council entertain a slightly expanded ST7 (expanded westwards) to marginally reduce the gap whilst maintaining a degree of separation.
  - Whilst the developers are prepared to support the garden village concept in its current shape and form, however the dwellings likely to be delivered are unlikely to be able to sustain the community facilities sought by the Council which then may undermine the principal of the garden village. In short, the allocation needs to be slightly larger.



- 1.5 Alternative development options have been presented to the Council for a new Garden Village of either 845 homes, 975 homes or 1,225 homes. The final detail of the ST7 allocation will be determined at the Phase 3 Local Plan Examination Hearings.
- 1.6 The content of previous submissions remains relevant, including the Publication Draft submissions in February 2018, July 2019 Proposed Modifications, Phase 1 Hearings, and the June 2021 Modifications and Evidence Base Consultation. In addition to this statement relating to Examination Matter 7, it should be noted that statements have been prepared for Matter 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 and 8 on behalf of Taylor Wimpey and Johnson Mowat will be representing Taylor Wimpey at the Phase 2 Examination Hearing sessions relating to Matters 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8.



#### 2.0 TEST OF SOUNDNESS

2.1 The City of York Local Plan is being tested against the 2012 National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF 2012) which at Paragraph 182 states that:

"The Local Plan will be examined by an independent inspector whose role is to assess whether the plan has been prepared in accordance with the Duty to Cooperate, legal and procedural requirements, and whether it is sound. A local planning authority should submit a plan for examination which it considers is "sound" – namely that it is:

- Positively prepared the plan should be prepared based on a strategy which seeks to meet
  objectively assessed development and infrastructure requirements, including unmet
  requirements from neighbouring authorities where it is reasonable to do so and consistent
  with achieving sustainable development;
- Justified the plan should be the most appropriate strategy, when considered against the reasonable alternatives, based on proportionate evidence;
- Effective the plan should be deliverable over its period and based on effective joint working on cross-boundary strategic priorities; and
- Consistent with national policy the plan should enable the delivery of sustainable development in accordance with the policies in the Framework."



#### 3.0 RESPONSE TO INSPECTOR'S QUESTIONS

#### Matter 7 – Approach to Setting Green Belt Boundaries

The questions concerning Green Belt are aimed at the strategic level. Later questions during the Phase 3 hearings will address issues in relation to specific parts of the boundaries proposed, including those around development sites. In responding to the following questions, consideration should be in the context of the Council's submitted evidence to date, including its Topic Paper 1 relating to the Green Belt [CD021], its subsequent Addenda to Topic Paper 1 [EX/CYC/18; EX/CYC/18a-f; EX/CYC/50 and EX/CYC/50a-d and EX/CYC/59 and EX/CYC/59a-g]; and the modifications proposed by the Council, to the submitted Plan resulting from these documents set out in the Examination Document Library.

- 7.1 This Local Plan will formally define the boundaries of the York Green Belt for the first time. The Council's approach to defining the Green Belt boundaries now proposed is set out in 'Topic Paper TP1 Approach to Defining York's Green Belt: Addendum' (January 2021) [EX/CYC/59]. In the light for the evidence, in setting the proposed Green Belt boundaries:
  - a) how, in simple summary, have the proposed boundaries been arrived at?

This is for the Council to provide.

b) what influence have heritage assets and other environmental designations, such as conservation areas and SSSIs had on the setting of Green Belt boundaries?

This is unclear and is for the Council to explain.

The methodology in the TP1 Addendum is not considered to be robust in identifying Green Belt boundaries that would serve the function of purpose 4 of the Green Belt 'to preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.'

c) how does the approach now taken in the aforementioned new evidence differ from the method previously used by the Council and what is the reason for the differences?

Again, this is for the Council to explain the differences and the reasons behind the differences. Whilst the approach has changed, the 2021 TP1 Addendum revisions have made no material difference to the outcome of the Green Belt boundaries, as put forward in the 2019 Green Belt Topic Paper.



- d) how has the need to promote sustainable patterns of development been taken into account?
- e) how have the consequences for sustainable development of channelling development towards urban areas inside the Green Belt boundary, towards towns and villages inset within the Green Belt or towards locations beyond the outer Green Belt boundary been considered?
- f) how do the proposed Green Belt boundaries ensure consistency with the Local Plan strategy for meeting identified requirements for sustainable development?

We have previously raised concerns with the spatial strategy and portfolio of sites included in the Local Plan that appears to be a combination of urban expansion, provision of isolated new settlements and restricted growth in existing settlements. The inclusion of a significantly large housing allocation in an isolated location significantly separated from the main urban area does not promote sustainable patterns of development. The additional explanatory text to Policy SS1 does not justify the continued approach, which includes a new isolated settlement in a less sustainable location.

## 7.2 As a matter of principle, do the proposed Green Belt boundaries include any land which it is unnecessary to keep permanently open?

A number of concerns have been raised in relation to the Council's TP1 Addendum evidence, including the methodology overall, which assesses how boundaries perform against the key characteristics in relation to the setting and special character of York, rather than focusing on the openness of land and it's functionality against the specific Green Belt purposes. The methodology does not define parcels of land, therefore is unable to assess how much land should be safeguarded and kept permanently open.

There is a lack of assessment of openness in the TP1 Addendum in understanding what land is necessary to keep permanently open. The TP1 Addendum assesses boundaries rather than boundaries and land beyond the suburban edge.

# 7.3 Overall, is the approach to setting Green Belt boundaries clear, justified and effective and is it consistent with national policy?

We rely on the detailed submissions made to the July 2021 Evidence Base consultation, which highlights a number of concerns with the Council's methodology to setting Green Belt boundaries.